# TRUSTEA SUSTAINABLE TEA FOUNDATION



# ANTI-BRIBERY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

#### 1. POLICY STATEMENT

- 1.1 The Trustea Sustainable Tea Foundation, hereinafter referred to as "Foundation", takes a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and will uphold all applicable laws relevant to countering bribery and corruption in all its activities in accordance with this policy and the laws of the land. It is incumbent upon the Foundation to undertake due diligence on its partners, grant recipients, associates and contracted agencies take reasonable steps to ensure that they comply with this policy as well all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws.
- 1.2 The purpose of this policy is to:
  - (a) set out the Foundation's responsibilities in observing and upholding its policy on bribery and corruption;
  - (b) provide information and guidance to Foundation employees and partners, grant recipients and their associates/contracted agencies on how to recognise and deal with bribery and corruption issues; and
  - (c) establish standards of conduct for Foundation employees and partners, grant recipients and contracted agencies their associates so as to ensure that the Policy and relevant Indian laws are not violated.
- 1.3 Bribery and corruption harm legitimate business activities and are serious offences. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 (Prevention of Corruption Act) prescribes for corporate entities to have compliance procedures in place, in order to prevent its employees from engaging in any act which may be categorised as corruption or bribery under the said Act. The Foundation therefore takes its legal responsibilities very seriously.
- 1.4 The Foundation considers a breach of this Policy to be a serious violation which may result in disciplinary measures, including the dismissal of employees or the termination of its business relationship with any third party.

# 2. <u>SCOPE OF THE POLICY</u>

2.1 This policy applies directly to all individuals working within the Foundation as employees, agents, consultants or other persons who may represent the Foundation from time to time. The policy is also applicable to other Foundation partners, grant recipients and associates, contracted agencies who will be required to take reasonable steps to ensure that in carrying out activities supported by the Foundation they and their directors, officers, employees and associates comply, with all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws.

In this policy, "third party" means any individual or organization that comes into contact with during the course of the operations of the organisation.

2.2 The Director of the Foundation/Functional head responsible for the contracting is responsible for ensuring that third parties who carry out activities supported by the Foundation understand the requirements of this policy.

#### 3. DEFINITION OF BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION

- 3.1 A bribe is an inducement or reward offered, promised, given or authorised, directly or indirectly, to improperly influence anyone, or to reward anyone for the improper performance of any function or activity, in order to secure or gain any commercial, contractual, regulatory or personal advantage.
- 3.2 Corruption is the misuse of public office or power for private gain or the misuse of private power in relation to business outside the realm of government.
- 3.3 Acts of bribery or corruption are intended to influence an individual in the performance of their work to act dishonestly and/or improperly. The person being bribed is usually someone who can obtain, retain or direct business for example during a tender or contracting process or it may be through the handling of administrative tasks or customs matters.
- 3.4 A bribe can take many forms, for example, a direct or indirect promise or offer of something of value, the offer or receipt of a kickback, fee, reward or other advantage, the giving of aid, donations or voting designed to exert improper influence.
- 3.5 Those engaged in bribery and corruption can include an employee, officer, or director or a contracted agency.

# 4. GIFTS AND HOSPITALITY

- 4.1 This policy does not prohibit gifts, entertainment, hospitality or other promotional expenditures (given and received) to or from third parties which are proportionate, transparent, reasonable and for bona fide purposes related to the aims and objectives of the Foundation.
- 4.2 The giving or receipt of gifts is not prohibited if all of the following requirements are met:
- (a) the gift complies with the laws of the recipient's country or any other applicable local laws and regulations;
- (b) the gift is not made with the intention of influencing a third party to obtain or retain business or a business advantage, or to reward the provision or retention of business or a business advantage, or in explicit or implicit exchange for favours or benefits;
- (c) the gift is given in the Foundation's name, not in your name;
- (d) the gift does not exceed the amount of INR 2000 in value and is non repetitive;
- (e) the gift cannot be viewed as lavish or excessive under local standards and customs, and is only provided as a courtesy, or token of esteem.
- (f) the gift does not include cash or a cash equivalent (such as gift certificates, checks, or vouchers);
- (g) the gift is appropriate in the circumstances. For example, it is given as a ceremonial gift on a festival or at another special time (e.g. New Year);

- (h) the gift is of an appropriate type and value and given at an appropriate time, taking into account the reason for the gift;
- (i) the gift is given openly, not secretly; and
- (j) the gift is not offered to, or accepted from, government officials or representatives, or politicians or political parties, without the prior approval of the Director in case of exceptional circumstances and will be recorded as such in the company's records related to risk management.
- 4.3 The Foundation appreciates that the practice of giving business gifts varies between countries and regions and what may be normal and acceptable in one region may not be in another. The test to be applied is whether in all the circumstances the gift or hospitality is reasonable and justifiable. The intention behind the gift should always be considered.
  - 4.4 Gifts with a value of more than INR 2000 per event per person (or of comparable value in a different country)<sup>1</sup> should not be given or offered (to or from a single source on a single occasion) unless they have the written approval of the Director.
  - 4.5 All gifts and hospitality with a value of more than INR 2000 per event per person (or of comparable value in a different country) accepted or offered by any employee should be entered on the register of gifts.
  - 4.6 Any approval required by the above policies relating to the Director must be provided by the Chairman and vice versa.

# 5. WHAT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE

- 5.1 It is not acceptable for you (or someone on your behalf) to:
  - (a) give, promise to give, offer or authorise the giving of anything of value, including payments, gifts or hospitality to anyone with the expectation or hope that this will influence the decision-making of the recipient, or that a business advantage will be received, or to rewarda business advantage already given; or
  - (b) give, promise to give, offer or authorise the giving of anything of value, including payments, gifts or hospitality to a government official, agent or representative to "facilitate" or expedite a routine procedure; or
  - (c) solicit, accept or attempt to accept, directly or indirectly, a payment from a third party that you know or suspect is offered with an expectation that the Foundation's decision making will be influenced in any way and that will result in a business advantage for the person making or offering the payment; or
  - (d) Solicit, accept or attempt to accept, directly or indirectly, a gift or hospitality from a third party that you know or suspect that it is offered or provided with an expectation that the Foundation's decision making will be influenced in any way and that will result in a businessadvantage for the person giving the gift or hospitality; or
  - (e) threaten or retaliate against another worker who has refused to commit a bribery offence or who has raised concerns under this policy; or
  - (f) engage in any activity that might lead to a breach of this policy.

# 6. FACILITATION PAYMENTS

- 6.1 The Foundation does not make, and will not accept, facilitation payments or "kickbacks" of any kind. Facilitation payments are typically small, unofficial payments to government officials made to secure or expedite a routine, non-discretionary governmental action (e.g. processing a visa, customs invoice or other governmental paper).
- 6.2 If you are asked to make a payment on the Foundation's behalf, you should always be mindful of what the payment is for and whether the amount requested is proportionate to the goods or services provided. You should always ask for a receipt which details the reason for the payment.

If you have any suspicions, concerns or queries regarding a payment, you should raise these with the Foundation's Director.

- 6.3 Payments made as a result of extortion or duress involving an imminent threat of death or serious injury generally do not amount to bribes. If such a payment is extorted or forced under duress then the payment may be made provided that either the Director is promptly informed, the payment is appropriately recorded in Foundation's financial records as a "facilitating payment", and supporting records regarding the reason and circumstances surrounding the payment are documented in a written report.
- 6.4 Kickbacks are typically payments made in return for a business favour or advantage. All Foundation partners, grant recipients and associates must avoid any activity that might lead to, or suggest, that a facilitation payment or kickback will be made or accepted by the Foundation.

# 7. <u>RESPONSIBILITIES AS AN EMPLOYEE/CONTRACTED AGENCY</u>

- 7.1 Employees/contracted agencies must ensure to read, understand and comply with this policy.
- 7.2 The prevention, detection and reporting of bribery and other forms of corruption are the responsibility of all those working for the Foundation or under its control. Employees/contracted agencies are required to avoid any activity that might lead to, or suggest, a breach of this policy.
- 7.3 Employee /contracted agency must notify your manager as soon as possible if you believe or suspect that a conflict with this policy or the Act by an employee or a third party has occurred, or may occur in the future. For example, if a partner, grant recipient, associate or potential partner offers something to gain an advantage with the Foundation, or indicates to that a gift or payment is required to secure their co-operation with Foundation supported activities.
- 7.4 Any employee who breaches this policy will face disciplinary action, which could result in dismissal for gross misconduct. The Foundation also reserves the right to terminate its contractual relationship with its partners, grant recipients, and associates if they breach this policy.
- 7.5 In case any contracted agency violates this policy, it may lead to consequences not limited to termination of the contract, barring from all future association and claims for suitable financial restitution, if appropriate.

#### 8. <u>RECORD-KEEPING</u>

- 8.1 The Foundation must keep financial records and have appropriate internal controls in place which will evidence the business reason for making payments to third parties.
- 8.2 You must ensure all expenses claims relating to hospitality, gifts or expenses incurred to third parties are submitted in accordance with the Foundation's expenses policy and specifically record the reason for the expenditure.
- 8.3 All accounts, invoices, memoranda and other documents and records relating to dealings with third parties, such as clients, suppliers and business contacts, should be prepared and maintained with strict accuracy and completeness. No accounts must be kept "off-book" to facilitate or conceal improper payments.

#### 9. HOW TO RAISE A CONCERN

Concerns about any issue or suspicion of malpractice are to be raised at the earliest possible stage. If you are unsure whether a particular act constitutes bribery or corruption, or if you have any other queries, these should be raised with the Director. Concerns reported will be protected as a whistleblower with protected disclosure.

# 10. PROTECTION

- 10.1 Employees who refuse to accept or offer a bribe, or those who raise concerns or report another's wrongdoing, are sometimes worried about possible repercussions. It is the Foundation's policy that employees will not suffer retaliation or harassment for reporting in good faith any compliance concerns. The Foundation aims to encourage openness and will support anyone who raises genuine concerns in good faith under this policy, even if they turn out to be mistaken.
- 10.2 The Foundation is committed to ensuring no one suffers any detrimental treatment as a result of refusing to take part in bribery or corruption, or because of reporting in good faith their suspicion that an actual or potential bribery or other corruption offence has taken place, or may take place in the future. Detrimental treatment includes dismissal, disciplinary action, threats or other unfavorable treatment connected with raising a concern. If you believe that you have suffered any such treatment, you should inform the Director immediately.

# 11. TRAINING AND COMMUNICATION

- 11.1 All Foundation employees will receive periodic training as required on how to adhere to this policy.
- 11.2 Employees are required to undergo training on this policy and shall also be required to complete a periodic certification that they (a) have completed and understood the required training, (b) have complied with this policy in the past, and (c) agree to comply with this policy in the future.

- 11.3 To the extent possible and practical, such training will also be made available to other persons subject to this policy, including but not limited to consultants and other relevant persons/organisations acting as an agent for the Foundation.
- 11.4 The Foundation's zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption will be communicated to all partners, grant recipients, associates, suppliers, and contractors at the outset of its relationship with them and as appropriate thereafter.

# 12. <u>REPOSNSIBILITY</u>

- 12.1 The Director has overall responsibility for ensuring this policy complies with the Foundation's legal and ethical obligations, and that all those under Foundation control complywith it.
- 12.2 The Director has primary and day-to-day responsibility for implementing this policy and for monitoring its use and effectiveness and dealing with any queries on its interpretation. Functional heads are responsible for ensuring that those individuals/organisations working with them are made aware of and understand this policy and are given adequate and regular training/information on it.

# 13. RISK ASSESSMENT, MONITORING, AND REVIEW

- 13.1 As part of its annual risk assessment process the Foundation will monitor the effectiveness and review the implementation of this policy, considering its suitability, adequacy and effectiveness. The Foundation will carry out regular audits of the Foundation's control systems and procedures to provide assurance that they are effective in countering bribery and corruption.
- 13.2 All employees are responsible for the success of this policy and should ensure they use it to disclose any suspected danger or wrongdoing.
- 13.3 This policy is applicable from the date of issuance and may be amended at any time.

REVIEW RESULT:	REVIEWED BY: Anandita Ray Mukherjee
	ISSUE DATE: 31.03.2021
	APPROVED BY: Rajesh Bhuyan
	REVISION NO.: 0